

# SAFETY DATA SHEET (REGULATION (EC) n° 1907/2006 - REACH)

Version 3.1 (17/04/2025) - Page 1/27

**TIFLEX** 

# 3Y2606 NOIR MAT, ENCRE UVIPRIM GL - 3Y260601

|>

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

# >SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### > 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: 3Y2606 NOIR MAT, ENCRE UVIPRIM GL

Product code: 3Y260601.

This MSDS is valid for all packaging of this product.

UFI: 18T9-W0JV-X001-FT49

# > 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

INK

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: TIFLEX.

Address: CS 30200.01450.PONCIN.FRANCE.

Telephone: +33 (0) 4.74.37.33.33. Fax: +33 (0) 4.74.37.33.45.

qse@tiflex.fr www.tiflex.com

# > 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0) 1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation: Centres antipoison - France.

# > Other emergency numbers

see section 16

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2, H373).

 $Hazardous\ to\ the\ aquatic\ environment\ -\ Chronic\ hazard,\ Category\ 2\ (Aquatic\ Chronic\ 2,\ H411).$ 

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

### 2.2. Label elements

# > In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:







GHS09

GHS08

GHS07

Signal Word : WARNING Product identifiers :

EC 235-921-9 HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE

015-189-00-5 PHENYL BIS(2,4,6-TRIMETHYLBENZOYL)-PHOSPHINE OXIDE

EC 224-518-3 MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

Precautionary statements - Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### > 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 59 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances  $\Rightarrow$  = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

# | >SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures |> Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 94108-97-1	GHS07, GHS09	Note	10 <= x % < 25
			10 <= x % < 25
EC: 302-434-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119977121-41-XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
DI(TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE)TETRAACRYL			
ATE			
CAS: 13048-33-4	GHS07, GHS09		10 <= x % < 25
EC: 235-921-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119484737-22-XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		
EC: 982-331-9	GHS08		2.5 <= x % < 10
REACH: 01-2121039738-44-XXXX	Dgr		2.3 \= X /0 \ 10
REACH, 01-2121039/36-44-AAAA	STOT RE 1, H372		
DE A CITION DE ODITICITO OF	STOT RE 1, H3/2		
REACTION PRODUCTS OF			
3,5-DIMETHYLPYRAZOLE WITH			
OLIGOMERISATION PRODUCTS OF			
1,6-DIISOCYANATOHEXANE, BIURET TYPE			
CAS: 64742-95-6	GHS09, GHS08, GHS07, GHS02	P	$2.5 \le x \% \le 10$
EC: 265-199-0	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119455851-35	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT			
AROM.	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	EUH066		
CAS: 1333-86-4		[i]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 215-609-9		[xiii]	
REACH: 01-2119384822-32-XXXX		[AIII]	
KLACII. 01-2117304022-32-AAAA			
CARBON BLACK			
CARDON BLACK		<u> </u>	

INDEX: 015-189-00-5	GHS07		1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 162881-26-7	Wng		1 \= X /0 \ 2.3
EC: 423-340-5	Skin Sens. 1A, H317		
REACH: 01-2119489401-38-XXXX	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		
KEACH. 01-2119469401-36-AAAA	Aquatic Cironic 4, H413		
PHENYL			
BIS(2,4,6-TRIMETHYLBENZOYL)-PHOSPHI			
NE OXIDE			
CAS: 5495-84-1	GHS09, GHS08	ABCE	1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 226-827-9	Wng	[ii]	1 \- X /0 \ 2.3
REACH: 01-2120769513-49-XXXX	Repr. 2, H361f	[11]	
REACH: 01-2120/09313-49-XXXX	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
2-ISOPROPYL-9H-THIOXANTHEN-9-ONE	M Acute = 1		
2-1301 KOI TL-911-TIIIOXANTHEN-9-ONE	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		
CAS: 2530-83-8	GHS05		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 219-784-2	Dgr		1 \= X /0 \ 2.3
REACH: 01-2119513212-58-XXXX	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
REACH, 01-2119313212-30-XXXX	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉT			
HOXYSILANE			
CAS: 4394-85-8	GHS07		0.1 <= x % < 1
EC: 224-518-3	Wng		- A /0 1
REACH: 01-2119987993-12	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
REACH. 01-2119901993-12	Skiii Schs. 1, 11317		
MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE			
CAS: 108-65-6	GHS07, GHS02	[i]	0.1 <= x % < 1
EC: 203-603-9	Wng	[-]	0.1
REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
1001011 01 2117 170771 27 1111111	STOT SE 3, H336		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE			
CAS: 1330-20-7	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02	С	0.1 <= x % < 1
EC: 215-535-7	Dgr	[i]	
REACH: 01-2119488216-32-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
XYLENE	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT RE 2, H373		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
INDEX: 607-025-00-1	GHS02, GHS07	[i]	0.1 <= x % < 1
CAS: 123-86-4	Wng		
EC: 204-658-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
REACH: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	STOT SE 3, H336		
	EUH066		
N-BUTYL ACETATE			
INDEX: 601-023-00-4	GHS02, GHS07, GHS08	[i]	$0.1 \le x \% \le 1$
CAS: 100-41-4	Dgr		
EC: 202-849-4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
EMINAL DENGTENE	STOT RE 2, H373		
ETHYLBENZENE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	F*3	0 ( 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
INDEX: 601-017-00-1	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07, GHS09	[i]	0 < x % < 0.05
CAS: 110-82-7	Dgr		
EC: 203-806-2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
CVCLOHEVANE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
CYCLOHEXANE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		

CAS: 79-10-7	GHS07, GHS05, GHS09, GHS02	D	0 < x % < 0.02
EC: 201-177-9	Dgr	[i]	1 2 2 7 0 10 2
REACH: 01-2119452449-31-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[-3	
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
ACRYLIC ACID	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Corr. 1A, H314		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		
INDEX: 603-001-00-X	GHS02, GHS06, GHS08	[i]	0 < x % < 0.01
CAS: 67-56-1	Dgr		
EC: 200-659-6	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX	Acute Tox. 3, H331		
	Acute Tox. 3, H311		
METHANOL	Acute Tox. 3, H301		
	STOT SE 1, H370		

#### > Specific concentration limits:

p Specific concentration mines.		
Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 2530-83-8		inhalation: ATE = $5.3 \text{ mg/l 4h}$
EC: 219-784-2		(dust/mist)
REACH: 01-2119513212-58-XXXX		dermal: ATE = 4250 mg/kg BW
		oral: ATE = 8025 mg/kg BW
[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉT		
HOXYSILANE		

#### > Nanoform

/ Nanotorm	
Identification	Nanoform
CAS: 1333-86-4	Name of nanoform(s):
EC: 215-609-9	CARBON BLACK
REACH: 01-2119384822-32-XXXX	Number based particle size distribution:
	d10: 20-43 nm
CARBON BLACK	d50 : 30-87 nm
	d90 : 54-178 nm
	Shape and aspect ratio of particles:
	sphere
	Crystallinity: amorphe
	Surface functionalisation / treatment: Oui
	Specific surface area: 35-600 m²/g

# > Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

- [i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [ii] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

[xiii] Nanoform.

Note P: The carcinogen or mutagen classification does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS 200-753-7).

# **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1. description of first aid measures

# In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

# In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

# Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

# Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

# **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# | >SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **8.1.** Control parameters

# > Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union :

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
108-65-6	275	50	550	100	Peau
1330-20-7	221	50	442	100	Peau
123-86-4	241	50	723	150	
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau
110-82-7	700	200	-	-	-
79-10-7	29	10	59 (1 min)	20 (1 min)	-
67-56-1	260	200	-	-	Peau

- UK:

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m3	7 mg/m3			
108-65-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk	
	274 mg/m3	548 mg/m3			
1330-20-7	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk. BMGV	
	220 mg/m3	441 mg/m3			
123-86-4	150 ppm	200 ppm			
	724 mg/m3	966 mg/m3			
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm		Sk	
	441 mg/m3	552 mg/m3			
110-82-7	100 ppm	300 ppm			
	350 mg/m3	1050 mg/m3			
67-56-1	200 ppm	250 ppm		Sk	
	266 mg/m3	333 mg/m3			

# |> Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

METHANOL (CAS: 67-56-1)

|> Final use:

Workers.

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

Dermal contact. Short term systemic effects.

DNEL:

20 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

DNEL .

DNEL:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

> Final use:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

ACRYLIC ACID (CAS: 79-10-7)

Final use:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Exposure method:

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects.

20 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation.

Short term systemic effects.

130 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects.

130 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Short term local effects.

130 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Long term local effects.

130 mg of substance/m3

Consumers.

Ingestion.

Short term systemic effects. 5 mg/kg body weight/day

Ingestion.

Long term systemic effects.

5 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact.

Short term systemic effects.

5 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects.

5 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation.

Short term systemic effects.

26 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects.

26 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Long term local effects.

26 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation.

Short term local effects.

26 mg of substance/m3

Workers.

Dermal contact.

Short term local effects.

1 mg of substance/cm2

Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 1 mg of substance/cm2

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 30 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 30 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 30 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 30 mg of substance/m3

> Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 1 mg of substance/cm2

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 1 mg of substance/cm2

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 3.6 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 3.6 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 3.6 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 3.6 mg of substance/m3

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 180 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 77 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 293 mg of substance/m3

Workers.

Final use: Consumers. Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 15 mg of substance/m3

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Final use:

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 7 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 600 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects. DNEL: 600 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 48 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects. DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

Final use:

Consumers. Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 2 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 2 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. Potential health effects: 3.4 mg/kg body weight/day DNEL:

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. 6 mg/kg body weight/day DNEL:

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Short term systemic effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects. DNEL: 300 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 12 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 35.7 mg of substance/m3

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

|> Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 212 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 221 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 442 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects. DNEL: 221 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 442 mg of substance/m3

|> Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 12.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 65.3 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.
DNEL: 260 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.
DNEL: 65.3 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 260 mg of substance/m3

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 796 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 275 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 550 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 36 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 320 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

# MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE (CAS: 4394-85-8)

Final use:

Exposure method:
Potential health effects:
DNEL:

Workers.

Dermal contact.
Long term local effects.
0.293 mg of substance/cm2

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 98 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 8 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 8 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 29 mg of substance/m3

# [3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉTHOXYSILANE (CAS: 2530-83-8)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 10 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 70.5 mg of substance/m3

|> Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 26400 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 17 mg of substance/m3

2-ISOPROPYL-9H-THIOXANTHEN-9-ONE (CAS: 5495-84-1)

|> Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 2.92 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 2.06 mg of substance/m3

PHENYL BIS(2,4,6-TRIMETHYLBENZOYL)-PHOSPHINE OXIDE (CAS: 162881-26-7)

|> Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.
DNEL: 3.3 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 3.3 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 21 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 21 mg of substance/m3

> Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

|>

# 3Y2606 NOIR MAT, ENCRE UVIPRIM GL - 3Y260601

DNEL: 5.2 mg of substance/m3

CARBON BLACK (CAS: 1333-86-4)

Final use: Workers. Exposure method: Inhalation.

Long term local effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 2 mg of substance/m3

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM. (CAS: 64742-95-6)

Final use: Workers. Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. 25 mg/kg body weight/day DNEL:

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 105 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 1300 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects. DNEL: 840 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects. DNEL: 1100 mg of substance/m3

Consumers. |> Final use:

Exposure method: Ingestion. Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 11 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 32 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 1200 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects. 180 mg of substance/m3 DNEL:

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects. DNEL: 640 mg of substance/m3

HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE (CAS: 13048-33-4)

|> Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 2.77 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 24.5 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers. Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 2.08 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.66 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 7.24 mg of substance/m3

DI(TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE)TETRAACRYLATE (CAS: 94108-97-1)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 4.67 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 16.46 mg of substance/m3

# |> Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

METHANOL (CAS: 67-56-1)

Environmental compartment: Soil. PNEC: 100 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 20.8 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 2.08 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 1540 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 77

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 7.7 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

ACRYLIC ACID (CAS: 79-10-7)

Environmental compartment: Soil. PNEC: 1 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.003 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.

PNEC: 0.0003 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.001 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.024 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.002 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 0.9 mg/l

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 2.68 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.01 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 13.7 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 1.37 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 9.6 mg/l

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.09 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.18 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.018 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.36 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.981 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0981 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 35.6 mg/l

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 2.31 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.327 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.327 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 12.46 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 12.46 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 6.58 mg/l

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 0.0635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 6.35 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.329 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE (CAS: 4394-85-8)

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.5 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.05 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 5 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 1.85 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0764 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 2000 mg/l

[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉTHOXYSILANE (CAS: 2530-83-8)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.063 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.45 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.045 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.45 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 1.6 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.16 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 8.2 mg/kg

2-ISOPROPYL-9H-THIOXANTHEN-9-ONE (CAS: 5495-84-1)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.024 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.121 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.012 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE (CAS: 13048-33-4) Environmental compartment: Soil.

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.094 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.007 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 0.001 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.493 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.049 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 2.7 mg/l

DI(TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE)TETRAACRYLATE (CAS: 94108-97-1)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.0096 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.0012 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 0.00012 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.012 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment. PNEC: 0.0484 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0048 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):





Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

#### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

# >SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

> 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state: Viscous liquid.

|> Colour

Unspecified

> Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

|> Melting point

Melting point/melting range: Not specified.

> Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range: Not stated.

|> Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: Not specified.

|> Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

|> Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

:

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

:

Flash point

Flash Point Interval : FP > 100°C.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Self-ignition temperature: Not specified.

|> Decomposition temperature

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

|> pH

pH: Not relevant. pH (aqueous solution): Not stated.

|> Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

|> Solubility

Water solubility: Insoluble. Fat solubility: Not stated.

|> Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C) : Below 110 kPa  $\,$  (1.10 bar).

Density and/or relative density

Density: > 1

> Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

> Particle characteristics

The mixture contains one nanoform. See the characteristics of the particles that define the nanoform in Section 3.

> 9.2. Other information

VOC(g/l): 77.19

|> 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

|> 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# >SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### 11.1.1. Substances

# |> a) Acute toxicity :

MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE (CAS: 4394-85-8)

Oral route: LD50 > 7360 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 18400 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉTHOXYSILANE (CAS: 2530-83-8)

Oral route: LD50 = 8025 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route: LD50 = 4250 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist): LC50 = 5.3 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 4 h

HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE (CAS: 13048-33-4)

Oral route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

Dermal route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 > 5 mg/l

Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

# b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

No data available.

# > c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

ACRYLIC ACID (CAS: 79-10-7)

The substance produces at least in one animal effects on the cornea that are not expected to reverse or have not fully reversed within an observation period of normally 21 days.

# d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

No data available.

# e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

No data available.

### f) Carcinogenicity:

No data available.

# |> g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

# h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

# i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉTHOXYSILANE (CAS: 2530-83-8) Oral route:

C = 500 mg/kg body weight/day

Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 28 days

OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

# j) Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

# |> 11.1.2. Mixture

# 11.1.2.1 Information on hazard classes

### |> a) Acute toxicity:

No data available. Oral route: No data available.

Dermal route:

# b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

# c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

# d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

# e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

No data available.

### f) Carcinogenicity:

No data available.

### g) Reproductive toxicant:

No data available.

# h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

# i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

#### j) Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

# 11.1.2.2 Other information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

### > Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

# >SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

### 12.1. Toxicity

# |> 12.1.1. Substances

MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE (CAS: 4394-85-8)

Fish toxicity : LC50 > 500 mg/l

Species: Leuciscus idus Duration of exposure: 96 h

Other guideline

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 500 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 23880 mg/l

Species : Scenedesmus subspicatus Duration of exposure : 72 h

EC10 mg/l

Species : Scenedesmus subspicatus Duration of exposure : 72 h

Aquatic plant toxicity: ECx > 1 mg/l

[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉTHOXYSILANE (CAS: 2530-83-8)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 55 mg/l

Species : Cyprinus carpio Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 324 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 100 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 350 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure : 96 h

NOEC = 130 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

DI(TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE)TETRAACRYLATE (CAS: 94108-97-1)

Fish toxicity: LC50  $\geq$  1.2 mg/l

Species : Cyprinus carpio Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 >= 10 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

ACRYLIC ACID (CAS: 79-10-7)

Fish toxicity:  $0.1 \le LC50 \le 1 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Factor M = 1

Duration of exposure: 96 h

 $0.01 \le ECx \le 0.1 \text{ mg/l}$ 

0.01 < NOEC <= 0.1 mg/l

HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE (CAS: 13048-33-4)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 0.38 mg/l

Factor M = 1

Species : Oryzias latipes Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

NOEC = 0.072 mg/l Species : Oryzias latipes Duration of exposure : 35 days

OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 2.7 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 0.14 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 1.5 mg/l

Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 0.5 mg/l

Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

Aquatic plant toxicity: Duration of exposure: 72 h

# **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# |> 12.2.1. Substances

ACRYLIC ACID (CAS: 79-10-7)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE (CAS: 4394-85-8)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

[3-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PROPYL]TRIMÉTHOXYSILANE (CAS: 2530-83-8)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

HEXAMETHYLENE DIACRYLATE (CAS: 13048-33-4)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

DI(TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE)TETRAACRYLATE (CAS: 94108-97-1)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### 12.3.1. Substances

MORPHOLINE-4-CARBALDEHYDE (CAS: 4394-85-8) Bioaccumulation : BCF < 1.9

Species: Cyprinus carpio (Fish)

OECD Guideline 305 (Bioconcentration: Flow-through Fish Test)

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

# > 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# >SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

# Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### >SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2024 [65]).

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

3082

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3082=ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(hexamethylene diacrylate)

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



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# TIFLEX

|>

# 14.4. Packing group

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#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material:



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	9	M6	III	9	90	5 L	274 335 375	E1	3	-
							601			

Not subject to this regulation if  $Q \le 51/5 \text{ kg}$  (ADR 3.3.1 - DS 375)

>	IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation
		9	-	III	5 L	F-A. S-F	274 335 969	E1	Category A	-

Not subject to this regulation if  $Q \le 51/5 \text{ kg}$  (IMDG 3.3.1 - 2.10.2.7)

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	9	-	III	964	450 L	964	450 L	A97 A158	E1
								A197 A215	
	9	-	III	Y964	30 kg G	-	-	A97 A158	E1
								A197 A215	

Not subject to this regulation if  $Q \le 51/5 \text{ kg}$  (IATA 4.4.4 - DS A197)

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(hexamethylene diacrylate)

# 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

# >SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# > Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2023/707.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2024/2564. (ATP 22)

# **Container information:**

No data available.

#### Particular provisions:

No data available.

### > Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

# $| \verb|> Authorisations agreed under Title VII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH):$

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to authorisation according to Annex XIV of REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: https://echa.europa.eu/fr/authorisation-list.

# |> Substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC Regulation No. 1005/2009, Montreal Protocol):

The mixture does not contain any substance posing a risk to the ozone layer.

#### > Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The mixture does not contain a persistent organic pollutant.

# |> PIC Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (Rotterdam Convention):

The mixture is not subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

### |> Explosives precursors :

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still to be received

#### TIFLEA

#### |>SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

> Indicates changes from previous version

Emergency telephone numbers:

Austria: +43 1 406 43 43

Croatia: +3851 2348 342. Information available 24/7 in Croatian and English.

Czech Republic: 224 91 92 93 or 224 91 54 02

Denmark: +45 8212 1212

Estonia: nationally 16662, calling from abroad (+372) 7943 794 Finland: Open 24 hours a day - 0800 147 111 (the call is free of charge)

Iceland: 543 2222

Ireland: 01 809 2566. Information available 24/7

Italy: ROMA - CAV "Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù": 06 68593726ROMA - CAV Policlinico "Umberto I": 06-49978000ROMA - CAV

Policlinico "A. Gemelli" : 06-3054343FOGGIA - Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia : 800183459NAPOLI - Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli" : 081-5453333FIRENZE - Az. Osp. "Careggi" U.O. Tossicologia Medica : 055-7947819PAVIA - CAV Centro Nazionale di Informazione Tossicologica : 0382-24444MILANO - Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda : 02-66101029BERGAMO - Azienda Ospedaliera

Papa Giovanni XXII Latvia: +371 67042473

Lithuania: +370 (5) 2362052 (free of charge, available 24 hours a day, seven days a week).

The Netherlands: +31 (0)88 755 8000

Norway: 22 59 13 00 Portugal: +351 800 250 250

Romania: +40 21 599 2300 (information provided in Romanian and English)

Slovakia: +421 2 5477 4166

Slovenia: 112

Spain: +34 91 562 04 20. The information will be provided in Spanish (available 24/7)

Swiss: 145 (Swiss Toxicological Information Centre)

Sweden: 112

# > Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008:

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification procedure
Classification procedure
Calculation method.

# |> Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H370	Causes damage to organs .
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Abbreviations and acrony	ms:

#### > Abbreviations and acronyms :

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

Ecx : The effective concentration of the substance that causes x% maximum reaction.

NOEC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

UFI: Unique formulation identifier. STEL: Short-term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Averages

TLV: Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS08 : Health hazard GHS09 : Environment

IATA : International Air Transport Association.
IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. PIC: Prior Informed Consent.

POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern. vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

> Modification compared to the previous version